

WHY WE SHOULD BE CONCERNED ABOUT

Underage drinking is real and so are the social gatherings where a lot of drinking goes on. Minors in Georgia can be charged with possession or consumption of alcohol and adults can be charged when caught furnishing alcohol to them.

What happens when law enforcement responds to a drinking party but is unable to determine the supplier of the alcohol?

In the case of an individual allowing the party, as long as they're not supplying, those individuals have no liability for the minors drinking in their home, even if they know the drinking is happening.

THE PROBLEM

"Alcohol use by persons under the age of 21 is a major public health problem. Alcohol is the most commonly used drug among youth in the United States, more than tobacco and illicit drugs, and is responsible for more than 4,300 annual deaths among underage youth."¹

ALCOHOL

THE COST TO YOUTH



"The brain goes through dynamic changes during adolescence (ages 12 to 21) and alcohol can seriously damage long- and short-term growth processes."³

6x
DEPENDENCE

Youth who start drinking before the age of 15 are six times more likely to develop alcohol dependence or abuse later in life than those who begin drinking at or after the age of 21.

35
STATES

Over the past decade, about 35 states have passed "social host" laws. Currently all contiguous states to Georgia (AL, FL, MS, SC & TN) have such laws. Research reports social host laws, in general, as among the most effective forms of public policy in reducing binge drinking and drinking and driving.

THE COST TO THE STATE

YOUTH ALCOHOL VIOLENCE
\$662.2 MILLION

YOUTH PROPERTY CRIME
\$6.2 MILLION

YOUTH TRAFFIC CRASHES
\$228.7 MILLION

YOUTH INJURY
\$58.2 MILLION

YOUTH TREATMENT
\$30.8 MILLION

TOTAL COST TO THE STATE OF GEORGIA PER YEAR
\$1+ BILLION DOLLARS

* Based on 2013 data.²

For more information contact:

Kay M. Manning, LCSW, MAC, ICPS
Associate Director of Prevention/Intervention
The Council on Alcohol & Drugs

Phone: (770) 725-1837 Email: kmanning@livedrugfree.org



The Council
on Alcohol
and Drugs

1. Source: CDC (<http://www.cdc.gov/alcohol/fact-sheets/underage-drinking.htm>)
2. Source: CCAPSA (<http://www.ccapsa.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/10/Cost-of-Drinking-GA-2013final.docx-GA.pdf>)
3. Source: AMA (<http://alcoholpolicymd.com/pdf/brain3.pdf>)

DON'T BE A PARTY TO UNDERAGE DRINKING



Isn't Underage Drinking Illegal?

Yes, but there are gaps in the current laws. Currently, youth can be charged, but the adult cannot be held accountable, even if that person actively allowed the underage drinking party.

Social Host Accountability

To fill in the gaps, social hosts would be held accountable if they know or allow underage drinking to occur on a property that they own, lease, or otherwise control. Furthermore, they would not have to be present on the property in order to be held accountable.

Local Stats

- >> The average age our youth start drinking is between 12 and 13.
- >> Youth report that alcohol is easy to get.
- >> When asked how/where they get alcohol, youth respond that they received it from, in ranking order:
 1. A family member
 2. Someone other than a family member
- >> They also report that the main places they drink are in their own home or the home of a friend.

Source: GSHS II 2015 and The Council on Alcohol and Drugs needs assessment



SOCIAL HOST LIABILITY